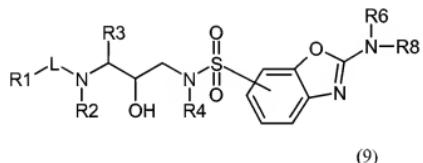


LISTING OF CLAIMS

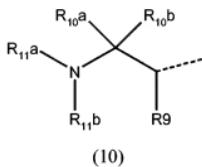
This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.

Claims 1-35. (cancelled).

36. (previously presented) A method for preparing a compound of formula (9),



or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof;
wherein R₁ is hydrogen, phenylC₁₋₆alkyl, a saturated or partially unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring members, which contains one or more heteroatom ring members selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur, or phenyl;
or R₁ is a radical of formula (10)



(10)

wherein R₉, R_{10a} and R_{10b} are each independently, hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di(C₁₋₄alkyl)aminocarbonyl, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl or C₁₋₄alkyl; or R₉, R_{10a} and the carbon atoms to which they are attached may also form a C₃₋₇cycloalkyl radical;

L is -O-C(=O)- or -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the NR₂ moiety; and when L is -O-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)- or -NR₁₂-C₁₋₆alkanediyl-C(=O)-, then R₉ may also be oxo;

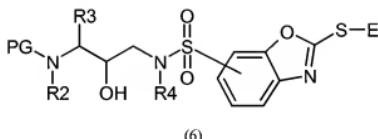
R_{11a} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, phenyl, aminocarbonyl, C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, phenoxy carbonyl, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkylcarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl C_{1-4} alkyloxycarbonyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkylcarbonyloxy, carboxyl C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyloxy, C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyloxy, phenyl C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyloxy, phenylcarbonyloxy, phenyloxycarbonyloxy;

R_{11b} is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, phenyl, or C_{1-4} alkyl or C_{1-4} alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C_{1-4} alkylS(=O), phenyl, C_{3-7} cycloalkyl; t being zero, one or two;

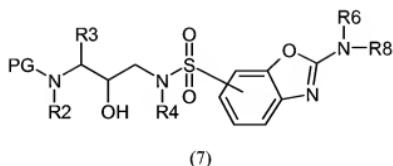
whereby R_{11b} may be linked to the remainder of the molecule via a sulfonyl group; R_2 is hydrogen; R_3 is phenylmethyl; R_4 is unsubstituted C_{1-6} alkyl; NR_6R_8 is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino; and L is $-O-C(=O)-$ or $-O-C_1-alkanediyl-C(=O)-$, whereby in each case the $C(=O)$ group is attached to the NR_2 moiety;

the method comprising

(a) aminating a compound of formula (6)

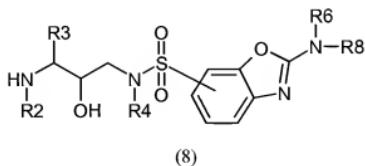


wherein PG is a protecting group and E is C_{1-6} alkyl; to obtain compound of formula (7),



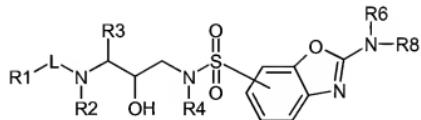
wherein NR_6R_8 is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino;

(b) deprotecting the compound of formula (7) to obtain compound of formula (8),



(8)

(c) and coupling a radical of formula R₁-L- to obtain the desired compound of formula (9),



(9)

or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof.